

Vidya Bhawan balika Vidyapeeth shakti utthan aashram Lakhisarai

Study material for class 9th

Date:-27/05/20.

History

Forest society and colonialism

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- Important terms and concepts
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Important term and concepts

1. Deforestation. Cutting of forest on large scale.
2. Sleepers. Wooden planks laid across railway tracks; they hold the tracks in position.
3. Scientific forestry. A system of cutting trees by the forest department in which old trees are replaced by planting new trees.
4. Taungya cultivation. A system in which local farmers were allowed to cultivate temporarily within a plantation.
5. Swidden agriculture. A traditional agricultural practice in many parts of Asia, Africa and South America where by parts of the forest are cut and burnt in rotation.

Important personalities

1. Dietrich Brandis. He was the first Inspector general of forests in India.
2. George Yule. A British administrator who killed 400 tigers.
3. Gunda Dhur. An inhabitant of Nethanar village, he was an important figure in the Bastar rebellion.
4. Surontiko Samin. An inhabitant of Randublatung village who started a movement against state ownership of forests.

Important dates

1755: the Mataram Kingdom of Java split into two kingdoms.

1770: the Kalangs rose in rebellion against the Dutch but were suppressed.

1864: the Indian Forest Service was set up.

1865: the Indian forest act came into being.

1890: Surontiko Samin started a movement against state ownership of forests.

1906: the Imperial Forest Research Institute was set up at Dehradun.

1910: the Bastar rebellion first started in the Kanger forest area and then spread to other parts of the state.

1946: the length of railway tracks laid by now were over 765,000 km.

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